

§ 630.402

described in paragraphs (a)(3) and (4) of this section shall be recalculated based on the employee's new tour of duty.

[59 FR 62271, Dec. 2, 1994, as amended at 59 FR 62274, Dec. 2, 1994; 59 FR 67125, Dec. 29, 1994; 60 FR 26979, May 22, 1995; 61 FR 64450, Dec. 5, 1996; 65 FR 37239, June 13, 2000]

§ 630.402 Application for sick leave.

An employee shall file a written application for sick leave within such time limits as the agency may require. An employee shall request advance approval for sick leave for the purposes of receiving medical, dental, or optical examination or treatment and, to the extent possible, for the purposes described in § 630.401(a) (3), (4), and (6).

[59 FR 62274, Dec. 2, 1994]

§ 630.403 Supporting evidence.

(a) An agency may grant sick leave only when supported by administratively acceptable evidence. Regardless of the duration of the absence, an agency may consider an employee's certification as to the reason for his or her absence as administratively acceptable evidence. For an absence in excess of 3 workdays, or for a lesser period when determined necessary, the agency may also require a medical certificate or other administratively acceptable evidence as to the reason for an absence for any of the purposes described in § 630.401(a).

(b) An agency may establish a uniformly applied policy that requires employees to provide administratively acceptable evidence or medical certification for a request for sick leave within a specified time period. An employee who does not provide the required evidence or medical certification within the specified time period is not entitled to sick leave.

(c) An agency may require an employee requesting sick leave to care for a family member under § 630.401(a)(3)(ii) to provide an additional written statement from the health care provider concerning the family member's need for psychological comfort and/or physical care. The statement must certify that—

(1) The family member requires psychological comfort and/or physical care;

5 CFR Ch. I (1–1–03 Edition)

(2) The family member would benefit from the employee's care or presence; and

(3) The employee is needed to care for the family member for a specified period of time.

[65 FR 37240, June 13, 2000]

§ 630.404 Limitation on advance sick leave.

When an employee is serving under a limited appointment or one which will be terminated on a specified date, an agency may advance sick leave to him up to the total sick leave which he would otherwise earn during the term of his appointment. For the purposes of this section, an employee serving a probationary or trial period is not serving under a limited appointment.

§ 630.405 Use of sick leave during annual leave or to become eligible for donated leave.

(a) Subject to § 630.401(b) through (f), an agency may grant sick leave during a period of annual leave for any of the purposes described in § 630.401(a).

(b) An employee's entitlement to use sick leave to care for a family member under § 630.401 shall be considered as available paid leave for the purpose of determining an employee's eligibility to become a leave recipient under the voluntary leave transfer and leave bank program established under subchapters III and IV of title 5, United States Code, if the medical emergency involves a family member of the employee.

(c) In the case of an employee already in a shared leave status (*i.e.*, using donated annual leave) on June 20, 2000 under the voluntary leave transfer or leave bank programs established under subchapters III and IV of chapter 63 of title 5, United States Code, any sick leave available to care for a family member under § 630.401 must be used before continuing to use transferred annual leave or annual leave withdrawn from a leave bank.

[59 FR 62271, Dec. 2, 1994, as amended at 65 FR 37240, June 13, 2000]